Periodic Report on the National Emergency
With Respect to Significant Malicious Cyber-Enabled Activities

I hereby report to the Congress on developments and expenditures relating to the national emergency declared in Executive Order 13694 of April 1, 2015 (E.O. 13694), as amended by Executive Order 13757 of December 28, 2016 (E.O. 13757), which blocks the property of certain persons engaging in significant malicious cyber-enabled activities. This report covers actions taken in the exercise of national emergency authorities, pursuant to section 204(c) of the International Emergency Economic Powers Act (IEEPA), 50 U.S.C. 1703(c), and expenses that are directly attributable to the exercise of those authorities, pursuant to section 401(c) of the National Emergencies Act (NEA), 50 U.S.C. 1641(c).

IEEPA Reporting (from February 9, 2017 through September 7, 2017)

1. The Department of the Treasury’s Office of Foreign Assets Control (OFAC) closed seven cases, which may take the form of specific licenses, license amendments, “return-without-action” letters, general information letters, interpretive guidance letters, denial letters, closed without determination letters, or withdrawals, involving E.O. 13694, E.O. 13737, or the Cyber-Related Sanctions Regulations, 31 C.F.R. part 578 (the “Regulations”). OFAC did not assess any civil monetary penalty for a violation of E.O. 13694 or the Regulations.

2. OFAC continues to discuss this program during its numerous outreach events to the financial, securities, and international trade communities. Details of this program are available on the Department of the Treasury’s website.

NEA Reporting (from April 2, 2017, through October 1, 2017)

3. The expenses incurred by the federal government that are directly attributable to the exercise of powers and authorities conferred by the declaration of a national emergency with respect to significant malicious cyber-enabled activities are reported to be approximately $555,000, most of which represent wage and salary costs for federal personnel. Personnel costs were largely centered in the Department of the Treasury (particularly in OFAC and the Office of the General Counsel), the Department of State, and the Department of Justice.
I shall continue to report periodically to the Congress on significant developments as required by law.

Steven T. Mnuchin

Department of the Treasury

Dated: SEP 28 2017